



OFFICE OF THE COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

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At a meeting of the Board of Supervisors of Loudoun County, Virginia, held in the County Administration Building, Board of Supervisors' Meeting Room, 18 North King Street, Leesburg, Virginia, on Wednesday, September 21, 1994 at 9:00 a.m.

PRESENT: George L. Barton, IV, Chairman
Richard L. Roberts, Vice Chairman
Charles D. Grant
Joan G. Rokus
Charles E. Scaggs
Ready L. Snodgrass
George E. Washington
Steven D. Whitener
H. Roger Zurn, Jr.

IN RE: LAND USE COMMITTEE REPORT/CPAM 1992-0010/GREENWAYS AND TRAILS POLICIES/ELAMP, CRAMP, DNAMAP, DSAMP, LAMP AND THE URBAN GROWTH AREAS OF INCORPORATED TOWNS

Mr. Scaggs moved approval of the recommendation of the Land Use Committee that the Board adopt Comprehensive Plan Amendment 1992-0010, the Greenways and Trails Policies, compiled by the Greenways Citizens' Committee, including limiting the location of trails to areas of the Eastern Loudoun Area Management Plan, Cub Run Area Management Plan, Dulles North Area Management Plan, Dulles South Area Management Plan, Leesburg Area Management Plan and the Urban Growth Areas of the incorporated Towns.

Seconded by Mr. Grant.

Voting on the Motion: Supervisors Barton, Grant, Rokus, Scaggs and Snodgrass - Yes; Roberts, Washington, Whitener and Zurn - No.

A COPY TESTE:

COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR FOR THE
LOUDOUN COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
PLM:RESEP21G.94

GREENWAYS AND TRAILS POLICIES

ADOPTED SEPTEMBER 21, 1994

SECTION I: BACKGROUND

A. INTRODUCTION

Greenways are areas of open space, usually linear, which connect and protect various natural, recreational, and cultural resources. They often follow linear landscape features such as streams, ridges, or abandoned railroads. Greenways can be publicly or privately owned, and may be open or closed to visitors. They are not necessarily parks or public land. Parts of a greenways may be a scenic resource or an important wildlife habitat, owned and maintained by a private landowner, with no public access. Other parts may include public trails for hiking, bicycling, or horseback riding. Greenways that include trails provide linkages for people to natural and community resources. They enable citizens to travel without motor vehicles to schools, community centers and parks.

Greenways serve a variety of functions, including recreation, alternative transportation, wildlife habitat, water quality protection, flood hazard reduction, aquifer recharge, erosion prevention, property value enhancement, economic development and scenic beauty.

The Loudoun Greenways plan encourages pathway connections which would provide our own residents with alternative transportation corridors, independent of car ownership. It is a comprehensive plan which takes a "big picture" look at Loudoun's future development. It recognizes the need for Loudoun's existing communities to develop resource corridors which unify the County, creating an amenity for the benefit of business and residential communities as well as the tourist industry.

B. CONTEXT AND PURPOSE

Loudoun County and its county seat, the Town of Leesburg, border the Potomac River in northern Virginia approximately 35 miles northwest of Washington, D. C. The County as a whole offers a wealth of historic and natural features and a blend of urban amenities, rural landscapes, and small communities.

Proximity to Washington and the presence of a major international airport, Dulles, in the southeast part of the County stimulate strong growth trends. While development provides welcome economic opportunities, many citizens are concerned about the effects of growth and the potential for loss of local recreational opportunities and valuable natural, scenic and historic resources. Greenways and trails are one method of preserving some of these features unique to the County.

The purpose of this plan is to acknowledge a commitment to the establishment of a county-wide system of greenways and trails. This system should link people and resources, put open space within a short walk of people's homes and connect major regional and national trails. Greenways can protect natural resources and do not necessarily contain trails or have public access. Where trails provide a link between home and work, an alternative to auto dependent transportation can be provided.

C. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER COUNTY DOCUMENTS

Loudoun County's Comprehensive Plan consists of several related documents with the General Plan performing the function of an "umbrella" document which establishes county-wide goals and policies. Chapter 8 of the General Plan addresses implementation as a continuing process with future actions which should be undertaken to implement the Plan.

County-wide Recommendation #21 is the action of adopting CPAM 1992-0010, Greenways Plan, as an element of the General Plan. The Greenways Plan would also add one more building block toward implementing policy recommendations for Water Quality Buffers (#5), Scenic River Corridors and Potomac Shoreline Protection (#10), Protection of Endangered and Threatened Habitats (#23), and Rural Transportation Strategies for Bicycle Routes (#18).

In recognition of existing County policy and public testimony which encourage a viable agricultural community, the following goals and policies will apply only to the rapidly developing areas of the County described in the following area plans: Eastern Loudoun Area Management Plan, Dulles North Area Management Plan, Dulles South Area Management Plan, Cub Run Area Management Plan, Leesburg Area Management Plan, and the adopted plans for the Urban Growth Areas of the western towns.

D. COMMUNITY PLANNING PROCESS

The documentation for the greenways and trails system is contained in the 1993 Greenways and Trails Master Plan for Loudoun County and Leesburg, Virginia. This plan was developed by a citizen-government partnership, through an open public process. As a result of a Memorandum of Understanding signed by the County of Loudoun, the Town of Leesburg, the directors of the Leesburg and Loudoun County Parks and Recreation Departments, representatives of the National Park Service's Rivers, Trails and Conservation Assistance Program, and the Northern Virginia Regional Parks Authority, a citizens' advisory committee was formed in the fall of 1989. The group represented the interests of businesses, development, landowners, conservationists and recreationists. The Plan was

developed over a two year period and was based on regular public input from public workshops, presentations and public meetings. Documentation of specific public outreach is contained on page 69 of the 1993 Greenways and Trails Master Plan for Leesburg and Loudoun County, Virginia.

SECTION II: COMMUNITY GOALS

A. MISSION STATEMENT

The purpose of a greenways and trails system is to preserve the County's essential natural and historic resources as the County passes from rural to suburban, to provide recreation for a growing population, and to provide alternative transportation corridors.

B. GOALS OF THE GREENWAYS AND TRAILS SYSTEM

- 0 Link neighborhoods and communities including schools, shopping areas community centers, parks and other public facilities.
- 0 Link towns in Loudoun County.
- 0 Provide recreational opportunities, and alternate transportation corridors for foot traffic, cyclists and horseback riders.
- 0 Protect historic resources.
- 0 Protect rivers, streams, and drainage basins.
- 0 Protect ecologically critical and sensitive areas
- 0 Maintain and link wildlife habitats.
- 0 Provide natural flood and erosion control to discourage channelization.
- 0 Include scenic roads.

SECTION III: POLICIES

A. RESOURCES

A sound greenways and trails system depends on the identification of the County's significant natural, cultural, recreational and community resources. The Citizens' Committee dedicated the first year of its effort to identifying and mapping those resources, using a variety of existing data and the knowledge of local citizens. These resources contribute greatly to the distinctive character of the County. They can serve as the hubs and spokes of a greenways and trails network and can provide a basis for making decisions on where greenways should be located. Listed below are the county resources agreed to by the Committee as significant features of the County. These resources are contained in the Geographic Information System Map created by the citizens. (resources described on pages 14, 15, and 16 of the Greenways and Trails Master Plan for Leesburg and Loudoun County, Virginia.)

- 0 State Scenic Rivers
- 0 Perennial Streams
- 0 Floodplains
- 0 Ridges
- 0 Natural Heritage Sites
- 0 Existing and Planned Parks
- 0 Existing and Planned Trails
- 0 Historic Sites and Districts
- 0 Historic Settlements
- 0 Schools
- 0 Community Centers
- 0 Discontinued Roads
- 0 Scenic Roads
- 0 Incorporated Towns

POLICIES

1. The inventory of cultural, historic and natural resources should be maintained with the County GIS and should be used for reference in greenway and trail planning.
2. Greenways should be a mechanism to protect important or sensitive resources.

B. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

The process of turning a plan for greenways into a reality will require a cooperative effort involving many people and organizations. While the total land area of any proposed greenways network is relatively small, its benefits will be widely felt and its many parts varied in terrain, ownership, and proposed use. The County will play an integral role in establishing the system although it is unlikely that a single entity would have the means to acquire or manage an extensive system. Therefore, it is recommended that a network of greenways and trails be owned and managed through a partnership effort, rather than by a single agency organization. The system could be established piece by piece by a number of different entities using a variety of public and private conservation methods. Public agencies, private organizations, businesses, civic groups, clubs and individuals should participate in the creation and management of the system. It is assumed that exact locations of greenways and trails will be determined by the communities of interest.

POLICIES

1. Inform and educate the public about the opportunities generated by the greenways and trails system.

2. Encourage public involvement in the planning and development of the greenways and trails system.

C. DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES

Members of the community have expressed concern about the loss of open space and the changing character of the County resulting from increased development. Greenways are a way to retain some rural landscapes and incorporate open space within developments. Citizens also expressed a desire for trails between adjacent developments to allow walking and/or biking to neighbors' houses or other parts of the community. The greenways concept is a mechanism to guide the development process to create useful areas of open space.

POLICIES

1. Incorporate greenways and trails plans into the land development process and land use decisions. Creation of greenways and trails should occur primarily in the developing areas of the County with initial effort focused on the rapidly developing areas of the eastern portion of the County and around the western towns.
2. Create options and incentives which will encourage landowner participation in the establishment of greenways and trails.
3. Coordinate the establishment of greenways and trails with landowners using a variety of conservation methods. Three categories of landowners should be encouraged to participate in the greenways and trails system:
 - 0 The development community: proffers of greenways and trails should be encouraged and referrals administered by the Planning Department with input from impacted agencies and citizens as needed.
 - 0 Private landowners: voluntary donations, conservation easements, bequests, leasebacks, remainder interest and other non-coercive methods should be facilitated to encourage participation by private landowners.
 - 0 Public land: negotiations of right-of-ways through land already dedicated to public benefit including but not limited to County, State and Federally owned land, utility easements, and roads discontinued for public maintainance.
4. Parcels under consideration as greenways or trails must meet one or more of the following criteria

- a. **Linkage:** The identified parcel will provide linkage between or to a significant natural, cultural or historic resource as defined on pages 14, 15, 16 of the Greenways and Trails Master Plan for Leesburg and Loudoun County and listed in Section III.A above.
- b. **Resource Protection:** The parcel contains an identified natural resource or species of value.
- c. **Recreation Enhancement:** The parcel will enhance recreational opportunities either by providing a connection to an existing park or recreational facility or providing in and of itself opportunities for hiking, biking or horseback riding.
- d. **Economic Enhancement:** The parcel provides increased access to local business and shopping areas including but not limited to bed and breakfasts and tourist sites.

D. TRANSPORTATION

Greenways and trails that are designed to link communities and commercial areas can encourage some people to travel without motor vehicles, thus reducing traffic congestion on roadways. Planning for alternative transportation and recreational opportunities for foot traffic, cyclists and horseback riders is an important public responsibility to provide for increased user safety on transportation corridors. A greenways master plan can be an important element of compliance with the Clean Air Act of 1991.

POLICIES

1. Multi-use trails should be encouraged within major road corridors as shown in Appendix G of the Greenways and Trails Master Plan for Leesburg and Loudoun County, Virginia. Portions of this trail system should be incorporated as an element of the regional COG Bicycle Plan.
2. Loudoun County review of applications for discontinued roads should encourage appropriate conversions to the greenways and trails system.
3. Loudoun County should pursue grant funding of greenway and trail projects which can be combined with other transportation goals and policies.

E. FUNDING, ADMINISTRATION AND MAINTENANCE

Financial and management issues are critical to both the initial establishment of greenways and their long-term vitality. Local government funds for greenways may be

scarce and greenways frequently must compete for funds with other uses such as developed parks. The mechanisms used for protecting land or securing public access can be a major factor determining the cost of implementing greenways. Public land purchase, the most expensive technique, is only one of a variety of possible techniques. Others include land

donations, purchases or donations of easements, landowner agreements and acquisition by nonprofit groups.

Maintenance is one need that is often overlooked; greenway interests may focus on the establishment of the greenway and neglect to consider long-term maintenance. Long-term greenway success will require careful planning for funding and maintenance. Administrative overhead might be reduced if the system were managed by a private organization focused only on the greenway system.

POLICIES

1. Require that established greenways and trails adequately provide for long-term funding, maintenance, and administration for the implementation of the greenways and trails system through public-private partnerships.
2. When possible the County would jointly hold easements to guarantee long-term protection of land.
3. assure that right of eminent domain is not utilized to establish greenways and trails.

F. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

The Greenways Master Plan recommends the creation of a comprehensive greenways and trails system primarily based on such natural landforms as valleys and ridges. Other elements are based on an assemblage of linear open spaces of various kinds to create a green infrastructure for the County. Like other forms of infrastructure necessary for development, greenways are part of a good business plan. These key elements of a community's memorable image are increasingly becoming today's marketing tools for economic development.

Few communities today can ignore the economic benefit of tourism. Loudoun's primary tourist attractions are its natural and historic resources. The greenways could include a foot path, a horse path, a bike path or none of the above, simply providing visual respite to the urban resident. The W&OD Regional Trail is an example of a greenway which attracts visitors, businesses and residents to Loudoun. One such business, the Cornerstone Bed and Breakfast near Paeonian Springs derives as much as 50 per cent of

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its clientele from cyclists who ride out from Washington and Maryland to tour the Loudoun area.

In order to attract a balanced variety of businesses, provide housing options with desirable amenities for all income levels, and assist government in managing the resources of Loudoun County, it is time to plan for a greenway system.

POLICIES

1. Loudoun County should incorporate greenways and trails in economic development planning and promotion.
2. Coordinate with an overall tourism plan for Loudoun County.

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